

Bangor Daily Whig & Courier.

PUBLISHED BY SMITH & SAYWARD, OVER THE KENDUSKEAG MARKET, BANGOR, ME.

VOL. X.

THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1844.

NO. 259

The Bangor Daily Whig and Courier is published at Four Dollars a year, payable half yearly in advance. All subscriptions for less than a year will be charged for the amount due.

The Bangor Daily Whig and Courier is published at the office of the Whig and Courier every Tuesday morning at Two Dollars a year in advance, or Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid within six months of the time of subscribing.

The publishers will not hold themselves responsible for any error that may occur, beyond the amount charged for the advertisement.

Mr. Eliza Field, at the Mechanic's Shop, Bangor, is Agent for this paper. Advertisements sent to him will be immediately forwarded.

LIST OF MAILS.

MAILS ARRIVE AT AND DEPART FROM THE BANGOR POST OFFICE.

MAILS, leaves every morning at 2, arrives every day from 9 to 11 A. M.

MAILS, leaves every morning at 6, arrives every day from 5 to 6 P. M.

MAILS, leaves every day at 1 P. M., arrives every day at 12 M.

MAILS, leaves every morning at 8, arrives every day (except Sunday) from 4 to 5 P. M.

MAILS, leaves every morning at 7, arrives every day from 5 to 7 P. M.

MAILS, leaves every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning at 6, arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday from 6 to 7.

MAILS, via Edgemoor and Great Works, leaves Bangor Tuesday and Friday morning at 8, arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday from 5 to 6 P. M.

MAILS, via Dexter, leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning at 7, arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday from 7 to 9 P. M.

MAILS, via Newport, leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning at 7, arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday from 5 to 6 P. M.

MAILS, via Dover and Foxcroft, leaves every day, (Thursday) and Saturday at 7 A. M., arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday from 5 to 6 P. M.

MAILS, via Sebastic, leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning at 7, arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday from 4 to 6 P. M.

MAILS, via Bradford, leaves Thursday morning at 7, arrives Wednesday from 4 to 5 P. M.

MAILS, via Corinna, leaves Tuesday morning at 7, arrives Monday from 5 to 6 P. M.

MAILS, close at 9 P. M. except the Belfast, which closes at 12 P. M.

Office open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sunday 11 A. M. to 3 P. M.

C. K. MILLER, Post Master.

THE ONLY SAW FACTORY IN THE STATE.



M. SCHWARTZ, Saw Manufacturer,

No. 1, GLIDDEN'S NEW BLOCK, Exchange-Street, BANGOR.

THE Saws now on hand at this Establishment are worthy the attention of the public. The facilities for manufacturing, the possession of suitable machinery, the employment of accomplished workmen, the advantage of a thorough acquaintance with the business and of giving his personal attention to the manufacture of SAWS, M. Schwartz is enabled to produce Saws of great excellence, and of every desirable variety, and at the lowest prices.

It is only necessary for those who desire a good Saw to call and test the Saws made at this Establishment to satisfy them they are not excelled in quality and are sold as low as can be bought elsewhere.

REPAIRING;

Saws of all kinds repaired and warranted.

FILES.

Files of all descriptions constantly on hand. FILES RE-CUT.

Old Saw Files left at this establishment will be re-cut and made equal to new.

STEAM IRON WORKS.

FRANKLIN MUZZY & CO. IRON FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, Opposite City Hall, Bangor.

CONTINUE to manufacture at their Establishment every variety of Machinery and Castings in this section of the country.

Steam Engines, Turning Engines, Lathes and Drills, Shingles, Clapboards, Lath, Box, Seppings and Thrashing Machines.

MILL-CASTINGS.

Cast Iron Reaction Water Wheels; Balance Shafts for Saw Mills; Mill Cranks; Gudgeons; Cast Mill Spindles; and an extensive assortment of Mill and Spur Gearing, for Mills and Machinery.

STOVE CASTINGS.

A large assortment of Fire Frames, from new and beautiful patterns; Cook Stoves, several kinds; and Fire Stoves, of different sizes; an assortment of Box Stoves; and a great variety of Air-Tight Stove Castings.

PLOUGHS.

An assortment of Ploughs from patterns greatly improved, and of the best Timber; Plough Points of a great variety of Ploughs. Also—Cart and Wagon Hubs, cast whole; Potash Kettles, Cauldrons, Fire Dons, Pipe Boxes, &c.

PENOBSCOT, ss.

To the Hon. Justices of the District Court, for the Eastern District, October Term, A. D. 1843, holden at Bangor, in and for the County of Penobscot.

DEODAT BRAWSTOW, of Brewer, in said county, respectfully represents that he is seized in fee simple and as tenant in common of and in one undivided half of certain real estate situate in said Brewer, and being lots numbered sixty-four and twenty-two of lot numbered sixty-three adjoining said lot No 64—it being the northeasterly part of said lot No 63—agreeable to a plan of said lots made by Joseph Treat, Esquire, July 1, 1839, and recorded in Penobscot Records, Plan Book No. one, Page 42, together with the northeasterly half of the dwelling house situated on said lot No 63—with certain persons unknown to your petitioners, that he cannot possess, occupy and improve his said part to any advantage while the same lies in common and undivided as aforesaid, but wholly loses the profits thereof. Wherefore, he prays that notice may issue in due form of law, and that his said part may be set off and assigned to him in severalty, and your petitioner will ever pray.

Dated at Brewer, this fourteenth day of October A. D. 1843. DEODAT BRAWSTOW.

By J. A. & H. V. POOR, his Attys'.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss.—District Court, Eastern District, January Term, A. D. 1844.

ON the foregoing petition, ordered that the said petitioner give notice to all persons interested of the pendency of his said petition by publishing an attested copy thereof, and of the order of Court thereon, in the Bangor Whig & Courier, a newspaper printed in Bangor, in the county of Penobscot, three weeks successively, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the next term of said Court to be holden at said Bangor, on the fourth TUESDAY of May next—that all persons interested may then and there appear and shew cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

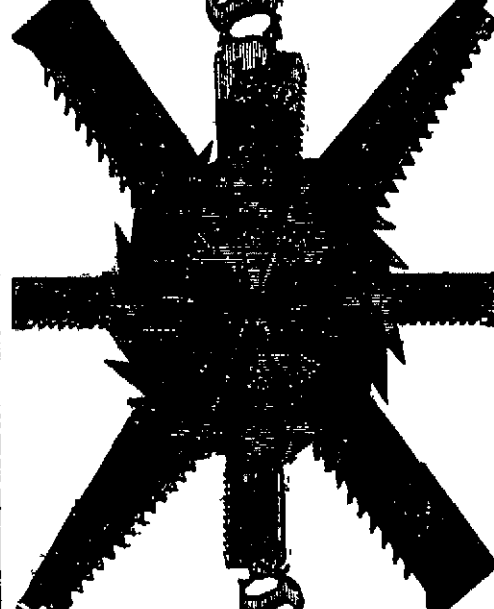
Attest WM. T. HILLIARD, Clerk.

A true copy of the petition and of the order of Court thereon.

Attest WM. T. HILLIARD, Clerk.

April 12.

Patent Ground Saws.



A. RICHARDSON, Saw Manufacturer,

Exchange-Street, Bangor.

WOULD call the attention of purchasers and consumers of SAWS to the important improvements lately perfected in the manufacture of these articles. Having on hand an entire new and extensive stock, mostly consisting of

Patent Ground Saws!

The advantages these saws have over all others made by the old process are only fully appreciated by those who have used them, they being ground perfectly true and free from thick or thin places, will saw with much less set, cut smoother and a thinner plate may be used than those saws made by the old process, the Shingle and Mill Saws have an improved tooth which will save much labor in preparing them for work, saws of every description kept on hand, or if not will be made to order. ALL SAWS WARRANTED GOOD.

SAWS REPAIRED,

of every description and warranted to run as well as when first new or the money returned.

SAW FILES.

A large and excellent assortment kept constantly on hand of the Stamps of several Celebrated Manufacturers in England.

Feb. 26, 1844. d&wfm

\$25 REWARD.

FOUND in the streets of the city of Bangor on or about the 20th March a man who appears to be a non commensurate. He is incapable of stating any thing intelligibly respecting his name, connections, or residence, sometimes calling himself "Charles Hunt," at other times "Champion Hunt," and says he "lived on the plaza with cozen Morrill in Newbury." He is about five feet eight inches high, has light blue eyes, chestnut brown hair, and light complexion. His age is probably about 34 years. His chest is somewhat pressed and he has scars upon his limbs as if he had used a knife, and his hands have the appearance of him having been accustomed to some labor. He had on when found a snug fur cap without visor and a black frock coat, much worn, of home made cloth, and dark pantaloons.

It is believed that some person must have brought this man into the city, and left him to perish or be provided for by the city. Information is now sought as to where the man belongs or has been living, and a hand some reward is offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of the person who abandoned this man, or the information season of the year to the person of exposure in this city. He is now lodged in the Alms House.

Any person who can give information to the Overseers of the Poor of Bangor, respecting this man or the manner of his reaching this city will confer a favor, and if the information thus given shall lead to the conviction of any person for this crime against law and humanity, a reward of twenty five dollars shall be paid. OPIS SWALL, Overseers of the Poor.

S. RICH, Jr., the Poor.

Bangor, April 4, 1844. d&wfm

PLOUGHS.

FRANKLIN MUZZY & CO. are manufacturing and will keep constantly for sale at wholesale & retail, PLOUGHS

of all sizes of the most approved patterns, and of the best timber. Their ploughs received the premium of the Penobscot Agricultural Society in 1845 and have been thoroughly proved, they are believed to be unsurpassed by any ever offered in this market in their peculiar adaptation to the Agriculture of Maine.

Feb 22. d&w

Old Newspapers for sale at this office.

THE subscriber has on hand and for sale a small lot of well made FURNITURE, amongst which are a couple of old fashioned easy chairs, an excellent article for the sick—see Rosewood Secretary he would exchange for lumber. Particular attention paid to repairing old furniture, cutting and making Carpets, &c.

Constantly on hand Mahogany, Birch, Maple and Pine Coffins of every size.

HENJ. P. ADAMS, Over the City Market.

April 4.

TIN PLATE WORKER'S MACHINES.

THE subscribers having received the agency, for the Eastern section of Maine, for the sale of Peck, Smith & Co's Machines, are now prepared to furnish single Machines or in full and complete Sets. The attention of Tin Plate Workers is particularly invited to these MACHINES, as some valuable improvements have been made in them the past season. Those wishing to purchase may be assured that we will furnish any of said Machines at Boston prices.

A. NOYES & CO. feb. 14.

BANGOR MERCANTILE DYE HOUSE,

CENTRE STREET, NEAR THE RAILROAD BRIDGE, and 1-4 of a mile NORTH FROM KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

AGENTS, G. W. LADD, Druggist, corner of Central and Hammond Sts. S. B. ELLIS No 6, Exchange-st; S. S. HERRING, Central-st.

Particular attention will be given to the Clothes Cleaning Department, and to watering Silk Dresses, in the most beautiful styles.

mar 2, 1844. scowly JOHN M. BARNES.

WATCHES, JEWELRY AND FANCY GOODS.

JOHN LOWELL & CO., NEXT TO THE POST-OFFICE.

HAVE just received a large and splendid assortment of GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

Part of which were imported in the "Hibernia" of the most elegant finish and style.

The assortment of Jewelry is new, elegant and complete, consisting of Amethyst, Topaz and Cameo Breast Pins; Gold Bracelets and Bracelet Clasp; Gold Lockets, and Miniature Settings. A great variety of Diamond, Ruby and Garnet Rings; Gold Fob and Guard Chains, Gold Keys; Gold and Silver Pencils; Silver Spoons; Butter Knives, and Spectacles, and a beautiful article of Ladies' Hair Ornaments, intended expressly for Holiday Presents.

—ALSO—Shell and Ivory Card Cases, and a general assortment of Combs, Cutlery, Wallets, Bead and Silk Purses, Fancy Work Boxes, Toys, &c.

Watches repaired, and Lever Watches made by Mr. KEYES an experienced manufacturer.

POT-ASH KETTLES.

CAST BOTTOM DOWN.

THE undersigned are manufacturing and will keep constantly for sale at their Steam Iron Works, POT-ASH KETTLES cast Bottom Down, an improved method.

FRANKLIN MUZZY & CO. Bangor, Feb. 17. d&w

WASHINGTON COFFEE HOUSE,

No. 158 Washington, at the HEAD OF MILK STREET, BOSTON.

THE undersigned returns his thanks to his Eastern friends and the public generally for the liberal patronage they have bestowed on him and he hopes by strict attention to his business he shall retain their favor the coming season, with an increase of eastern travelers.

He would give notice should the Boats and Cars run as last season, arriving in Boston from 10 to 1 A. M. at night he will be ready to receive company on the arrival of that Train and serve them with hot suppers if wanted.

The location of the House being in the midst of business of all kinds and the different arrangement from this house formerly, or any other house in serving hot suppers cannot but meet the wishes of the eastern people.

He having the assurance of Eastern Merchants if such arrangement were made, it could not fail to be successful.

Price of Board \$1.00 per day—Dinner at 1 and 2 o'clock. Coaches will be in readiness to convey passengers to and from the Cars and Boats.

HENRY EMERY Boston, April 4, 1844. scowly d&wfm

LUMBER BOOKS.

FOR Merchants and Surveyors use manufactured and for sale by D. BUGBEE.

April 25.

DECK PLANK,

SEASONED, for sale by DUPEE & LUMBERT.

Feb 8. scowly

MISCELLANEOUS.

From the London Chivari.

The Chemist to His Love.

I love thee, Mary, and thou lovest me. Our mutual flame is like thy affinity.

That both exist between two simple bodies I am Potassium to thine Oxygen.

This little that the holy marriage vow Shall shortly make us one. That unite Is, after all, but metaphysical.

O, would that I, my Mary, were an acid, A living acid, thou an alkali.

Endowed with human sense, that, brought together, We both might coalesce into one salt, One homogeneous cresole. Oh! that thou were Carbon, and myself were Hydrogen, We would unite to form elegant gas.

Or common coal, or naphtha—Would to Heaven That I were Phosphorous and thou wert Lime! And we of Lime composed a Phosphuret, I'd be content to be Sulphuric Acid, So that thou mightest be Soda. In that case

We should be Glauber's salt. Wert thou Magnesia

Instead, we'd form the salt that's named from Epsom.

Could'st thou Potassa be, I Aqua-tortia, Our happy union should that compound form, Nitrate of Potash—otherwise Saltpetre.

And thus, our several natures sweetly blent; We'd live and love together, until death Should decompose the fleshy tertium quid, Leaving our souls to all eternity.

Amalgamated. Sweet, thy name is Briggs, And mine is Johnson. Wherefore should not we Agree to form a Johnsonate of Briggs?

We will. The day, the happy day, is-nigh, When Johnson shall with beauteous Briggs combine.

THE JOCKEY CAP.

BY MRS ANN S. STEPHENS. Concluded.

On the afternoon of the fifth day after the departure of their emissaries, the whites began to see unequivocal symptoms of an attack, and now their fears did not deceive them. The hunting party had returned to their encampment, and the detached parties were gathered around the foot of Jockey Cap. About dusk an Indian appeared on the skirts of the clearing, as if to spy out the position of the whites. Soon after a shot was fired at the Englishman before mentioned, as he returned from his work, which passed through the crown of his hat. That hostilities were commenced was now beyond a doubt, and the inmates of the settlement met in solemn conclave to devise measures for the defence of their wives and children. Their slender preparations were soon made, all were gathered round one of the largest houses, in gloomy apprehension, the women and children within, and the men standing in front, sternly resolving to die in defence of their loved ones. Suddenly there came up a sound of many feet, and the crackling of brushwood, as it some large body of men were forcing their way through the tangled forest. The women bowed their pallid faces, and gathering their children in their arms, waited, appalled, for the attack. The men stood ready, each grasping his weapon—their faces paling, and their eyes kindling with stern courage, as they heard the stifled groans of the loved objects, cowering behind them for protection. The sound came nearer and more distinct, dark forms were seen dimly moving among the trees, and then a file of men came out into the clearing. They were whites—led on by William Church and Arthur Jones. The settlers uttered a boisterous shout, threw down their arms and ran in a body to meet the newcomers. The women sprang to their feet, some weeping, other laughing in hysterical joy, and embracing their children with frantic energy.

Never were there more welcome guests than scores of weary men who refreshed themselves in the various homes of the settlement that night. It was not expected, even by the most sanguine, that reinforcement could reach them so soon, nor would they have believed that so many of their messenger met with a party of brave men, making their way through the wilderness, from Dnnstable to Pigwacket, which was the Indian name for the country around the Seven Lot settlement. Their object was to offer battle to the savages, and they gladly followed the two young men who so earnestly demanded their assistance.

Sentinels were placed, and each settler returning to his dwelling, accompanied by three or four of the welcome guests, every heart beat high with hope—Martha Allen—she, poor girl, was sad among the general rejoicing, her lover had not spoken to her, though she had lingered near his side in the crowd, and had once almost touched him. Instead of going to her father's house, as had been his custom, he accepted the Englishman's invitation, and departed to sleep in his dwelling.

Now this same Englishman had a niece residing with him, who was considered by some to be even more beautiful than Martha herself. The humbled maiden thought of Jones, and of the bright blue eyes of the English girl, till her heart burned with the very same jealous feelings she had so dreaded to her lover.

"I will see him, I will see them both," she exclaimed, starting up from the settle where she remained full of anxious anxiety, since the dispersing of the crowd, and unheeded by her father—who was relating his hunting exploits to the five strangers quartered on him,—she dashed away her tears, threw a shawl over her head, and taking a cup as an excuse for borrowing something, she left the house.

The Englishman's dwelling stood on the outer verge of the clearing, just within the shadow of the forest, Martha had already reached the entrance, when a bark form rushed from its covert in the bushwood, and rudely seized her, darted back into the wilderness. The terrified girl uttered a fearful shriek, for the fierce eyes gazing down upon her were those of a savage. She could not repeat the cry, for the wretch crushed her form to his naked chest with a grasp of iron, and winding his hand in her hair, was about to dash her to the ground. That moment a bullet whistled by her cheek. The Indian tightened his hold with spasmodic violence, staggered back and fell to the ground, still guiding her in his death-grasp,—a moment he writhed in mortal agony—warm blood gushed over his victim—the heart under her struggled fiercely in its last throes, then his lifeless arms relaxed, and she lay taunting on his corpse.

"Oh, Arthur,—dear Arthur, I am so glad it was you that saved me," whispered Martha Allen about an hour after her rescue, as she lay on the settle in her father's house, with Arthur Jones bending anxiously over her.

Jones dropped the hand he had been holding, turned away with troubled features.

Martha looked at him and her eyes were brimming with tears. "Jones," she said humbly, and very affectionately, "I am so glad you saved me, and I am sorry for it, will you forgive me?"

"I will this once, but never again—never as I live," he replied, with a stern determination in his manner, accompanied by a look that humbled her to the heart. In after years when Martha Allen was Arthur Jones' wife, and when the stirrings of vanity would have led her to trifle with his feelings, she remembered that look and dared not brave it a second time.

At sunrise the next morning an armed force went into the forest, composed of all who could be spared from the settlement, amounting to thirty-three fighting men. The Indians encamped about Jockey Cap, more than doubled

that number, yet the handful of brave whites resolved to offer them desperate combat. They proceeded from the settlement down the northern side of Saco Pond, without obtaining a sight of the enemy, if we except one solitary Indian, who appeared on the point of land which we have described, and another, with whom they exchanged fires, that of the Indian taking fatal, though not immediate effect on Mr John Lovell, the captain of the company.

The little band was approaching the north extremity of the pond, when they halted for a moment to rest. The spot on which they stood was level and thinly timbered; some were sitting on the grass and others leaning on their guns, when a fiendish yell arose, like the howling of a thousand wild beasts, and as if the very earth yawned to emit them, a band of warriors sprang up in appalling numbers, on the front and rear; and approaching them three abreast, fired into the group with terrible slaughter.

The whites returned their fire, and the sounds of murderous strife, ringing up from the deep bosom of the wilderness, were indeed horrible. Sternly arose the white man's shout, amid the blazing of guns, and the whizzing of tomahawks as they flashed through the air on their messages of blood. Above all, burst out the war-whoop of the savages, sometimes rising hoarse and like the growlings of a thousand bears, then, as the barking of many wolves, and again sharpening to the shrill, unearthly cry of a tribe of wild cats. Oh, it was fearful, that scene of slaughter—heart to heart, and muzzle to muzzle, the white and red men battled in deadly strife. The trees above them seemed drooping under a cloud of smoke, and their trunks were scarred with gashes, cut by the tomahawks which had missed their more deadly aim. The ground was butted with the dead, and yet the strife raged fiercer till the going down of the sun.

In the midst of the fight was William Church. Many a dusky form bit the dust, and many a savage howl followed the discharge of his trusty gun; but at length he became full with continued use, and he went to the brink of the pond to wash it. He was stooping to the water, when the dark form of an Indian chief cast its shadow a few feet from him, he too, had come down to clean his gun. The moment he had accomplished his purpose, he turned to the white man, who had been to him a son, and drawing his muscular form up to its utmost height, uttered a defiance in the Indian tongue—momentarily the weapons of both were loaded and discharged. The tall form of the chief waved unsteadily for a moment and then fell forward, half its length into the pond, he strove to rise—his hands dashed wildly over the crimsoned water, for a moment, and Laugus was dead.

The setting sun fell brilliantly over the glittering raiment of the prostrate chief, his long black hair streamed out of the water, and the tiny waves rippled playfully among the gorgeous feathers which had been his savage crown.

A little back, on a green bank, was Church, wounded in both legs, he strove to creep to the water's edge, but the blood washed afresh from his wounds, and he fell back to the ground.

The savages retreated—the shots became more distant, and the youth was left alone with the body of the slain warrior. He made one more desperate effort, and secured the gun which had belonged to the chief, though faint with the loss of blood, he loaded that, as well as his own, and placing them beside him, resolved to sell his life as dearly as possible. The sun went slowly down, the darkness crept like a veil over the lake, and there he was, wounded and alone, in the solitude of the wilderness—who shall tell the thoughts of the forsaken man during that long, long night of agony? Did they dwell on that other world, whose shadowy portals he was approaching? or did his heart turn to her, his Indian wife, and the in vain pledge of the great love he had borne her? None can answer.

The morning dawned upon the lake quietly and still, as if nothing but the dews of heaven and the flowers of earth, had ever tasted its freshness, yet all under the trees, the grass and the white blossoms were crushed to the ground and trampled in human blood—The delicious light broke like a smile from heaven over the still bosom of the waters, and flickered cheering through the dewy branches of hemlock which shadowed the prostrate hunter. The bright dew drops lay thickly on his dress and gleamed like a shower of seed pearls in his rich brown hair; the green moss on either side was soaked with crimson stain; and his face was pallid death. He had not died tamely, as the discharged guns at his feet, and the dusky forms of two dead Indians in a neighboring thicket, might witness, nor was he alone in death, for on the same mossy couch lay the slain chief, his limbs were composed as if on a bed, hair wiled smooth, and the crest of feathers, broken and wet, was arranged with care around his bronzed temples. A little way off on a hill-side, purple with flowers, lay a beautiful child, rolling over, throwing up his limbs and uttering his tiny shouts of gladness, as if death and sorrow were not all around him. There by the side of the dead hunter sat Malasaska, the widow, her hands dropping nervelessly by her side, her long black hair sweeping the moss, and her face bowed on her bosom, as if stifled with the overwhelming poignancy of her grief. Thus she remained motionless and still, when the day was at its noon. Her child hungry and tired of play, had cried itself to sleep among the flowers but she knew it not, her heart seemed closed as with a piece of ice. That night when the moon was up, the Indian widow, with her own hands, buried her husband and the chief her father, under a great pine tree at the base of the Jockey Cap. The Indian warrior and his white son soon slept in one grave. When the tribe was dispersed, Malasaska remained in her wigwam by the bones of her household.

Years after "Lovell's fight," when Arthur Jones and Martha, his wife, were settled in a frame house with a rising, famous settlement, their youngest girl, Mary Geringham, would sometimes wander alone on a summer's day, to the foot of Jockey Cap, whence she would return with a string of wampum, black and a bird, or a pretty basket, woven by the hand of Malasaska, and filled with blueberries by a brave dark-eyed boy, who called the Indian "mother."

Often was the young but seen passing through the village, loaded with his mother's merchandise, and sometimes, when the whites would in vainly speak of her by her English name, "Moll Lockett," the boy would draw himself up, and storm them with a flashing eye, that his mother's name was Malasaska, and that she was the daughter of a great chief though she did make baskets at the foot of Jockey Cap.

JOHN S. BAYWARD, Editor.

THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1844.

FOR PRESIDENT,

HENRY CLAY
OF KENTUCKY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEORGE EVANS,
OF MAINE.

SUBJECT TO THE DECISION OF THE BALTIMORE
WHIG CONVENTION.

SEE FIRST PAGE.

¶ We notice that in the large and elegant dwelling of Mr. Nathaniel Lord, now being finished inside, in this city, there has been put up a force pump, reservoir, drain and complete and convenient arrangements for a water closet, warm and cold baths &c. The water is taken from the cistern and through a lead pipe conveyed to a reservoir in the attic by means of a small force pump. From thence it is drawn, at pleasure, through pipes to the water closet, sink or bath tub in the second story. The water closet is an arrangement of apparatuses upon scientific principles providing for immediate drainage and securing purity of atmosphere and avoidance of exposure, by the use of a number of connected valves and a constant supply of water. It is not essential to describe the operation of the machinery. It is all simple and although rather expensive at first will not likely to get out of order and cannot fail to add very much to domestic comfort and personal cleanliness, and of course to health. This is the first arrangement of the kind attempted in this city, and has been set up by the Messrs Clark of Boston.

¶ The old Bank building, situated on West Market Place, is being taken down to give place to a beautiful block of stores in modern style.—This building was standing when we came to this city, twenty three years since. There were then only six brick buildings in this city, including the old distil house, taken down several years since. What a change has been wrought in the business and appearance of Bangor since that day! A little village has grown to be a bustling city! Uncle Tim's fishing places are covered with wharves teeming with commerce! We delight in these changes and improvements and solid growth in our city.

¶ A 'Friend of Schools,' at Brewer, has called our attention to a new and highly valuable school book, entitled 'Devotional Exercises,' compiled by J. T. Buckingham. The selections are entirely from the Bible, and so well arranged, and so appropriately selected, as to make one of the most interesting devotional books ever introduced into our common schools. This book is now in use in the schools in Brewer. Copies may be seen and are for sale at Smith & Fenno's Bookstore.

Virginia Election.

The election in Virginia, there is good reason to believe, has resulted favorably to the Whigs. Nine State Senators, 134 members of the House of Delegates, and two members of Congress, were to be chosen.

The Senate last year consisted of 12 Whigs and 20 Locos, and it is probable that the political character of that body will not be materially changed.

In the House of Delegates, last year, the Locos had a majority of 14, and there is a strong prospect that the Whigs will this year have a majority, though not sufficient to counterbalance the Loco majority in the Senate.

Of the members of Congress, Mr Goggin, the Whig candidate in the district lately represented by Mr Gilmer, is believed to be elected by a majority of some hundreds of votes. In the district lately represented by Mr Wise, there was a close and warm contest, and the result is more doubtful, although the prospects of Mr Carter, the Whig candidate, looked encouraging. It is stated that Accomac, where a large Loco majority was counted upon, has given but 100 for Bayley the Loco candidate—while in Charles City, John Tyler's birth place, there were but 23 Loco votes out of 180. Hanover county, Mr Clay's birth place, has given a noble Whig majority.

¶ The genuine Virginia Serenaders, who have come here highly recommended by our Portland friends, will give a capital Concert at the Theatre this evening.

Bad Roads.

To the Editor of the Whig and Courier.

I wish through you to call the attention of your City Government to the State of the Roads, and the best means of repairing them. To know what condition the roads are in, it is necessary you should see them. I have to request, therefore, that you will make up a little party of pleasure, consisting of yourself, the Mayor, Street Engineer, members of the board of Aldermen and Common Council, and such other public functionaries as can make it convenient, and ride out and examine the road on the north side of Burleigh hill, so called. The question for your consideration when you arrive upon the ground is, how can this road be repaired to the best advantage? This piece of road is always in a bad state in the spring when the frost is coming out of the ground, and every year needs more or less repair. Is there no remedy for this? Last summer this hill was repaired, at a very considerable expense, in the best superficial manner. But now, at a time and in a place, where a good road is needed, it is about as bad as it can be. Is there no remedy for this continually repairing of roads and still have them bad half the year? Road making is a science as much as any other.

er science, and perhaps your road makers under-stand what may be called the science of road making, and understood elsewhere. But do they know deep enough? I think not. If this piece of road was in England, and Mr McAdam, or Mr Telford were required to repair it, they would commence at the foot of the hill and lay a drain three feet deep under the centre, the whole distance to be repaired, with suitable side drains, and on smoothing the surface it would remain a good road, without repairs, for ten years.

Now, Mr Editor, what I want you to do is, to induce your City Government to have this piece of road repaired scientifically, as an experiment, if what has been so long and so well established can be called an experiment. I am fully in the belief that if the system of draining was adopted, one-half the expense of repairing roads might be saved, and at the same time have much better roads than we now have. I have requested you to attend to this little matter because, if the course proposed should be adopted and succeed, it will be desirable to have the result fairly stated for the benefit of the public, and I know of no one who could do it better, or would take more pleasure in doing it.

A GLENBURN FARMER.

Onions.

To the Editor of the Whig & Courier:

In compliance with your polite request, I send you my method of raising onions. Ground rich from hen house—ground hard except half an inch on top—harder the better. My onion bed has not been ploughed for three years past and I do not want it ploughed for that crop for ten years to come. I lighten the ground to the depth of half or an inch on top with hoe and rake, and sow when the ground is sufficiently moist to promote the immediate growth of the seed.

Ravages of Worm. Early rising of the cultivator is the best remedy if he visits his onion bed a very few minutes each morning before sun rise and remove from the onion bed all the plants which are wilted; with the earth underneath them which is likely to have any worms in it. In the spring when the plants are first up the number of worms is small and they may be easily destroyed; but if neglected the worms increase so rapidly in number and size that it is difficult if not impossible to destroy them. The above method I have found uniformly successful and will do well on a small scale. If any one is disposed to raise them more extensively sea sand is recommended. I think the onion crop would not be so profitable as most others, but by the above method each family may easily raise enough for its own use.

Very respectfully,

J. B. HAYES.

Brewer, April.

The Texas Treaty.

Concluded between the United States of America and the Republic of Texas, at Washington, 11th day of April, 1844.

The people of Texas having, at the time of adopting their Constitution, expressed, by an almost unanimous vote, their desire to be incorporated into the Union of the United States, and being still desirous of the same with equal unanimity, in order to provide more effectually for their security and prosperity; and the U. States, actuated solely by the desire to add to their own security and prosperity, and to meet the wishes of the Government and people of Texas, have determined to accomplish, by treaty, objects so important to their mutual and permanent welfare.

For that purpose, the President of the United States has given full powers to John C. Calhoun, Secretary of State of the United States, and the President of the Republic of Texas has appointed, with like powers, Isaac Van Zandt and J. Pinckney Henderson, citizens of the said Republic; and the said plenipotentiaries, after exchanging their full powers, have agreed on and concluded the following articles.—

ART. I. The Republic of Texas, acting in conformity with the wishes of the people and every department of its Government, cedes to the U. States all its territories, to be held by them in full property and sovereignty, and to be annexed to the said United States as one of their Territories, subject to the same constitutional provisions with their other territories. This cession includes all public lots and squares, vacant lands, mines, minerals, salt lakes and springs, public edifices, fortifications, barracks, ports and harbors, navy and navy yards, docks, magazines, arms, armaments, and accoutrements, archives and public documents, public funds, debts, taxes and dues unpaid at the time of the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty.

ART. II. The citizens of Texas shall be incorporated into the Union of the United States, maintained and protected in the free enjoyment of their liberty and property, and admitted, as soon as may be consistent with the principles of the Federal Constitution, to the enjoyment of all the rights, privileges, and immunities, of citizens of the United States.

ART. III. All titles and claims to real estate, which are valid under the laws of Texas, shall be held to be so by the United States; and measures shall be adopted for the speedy adjudication of all unsettled claims to land, and patents shall be granted to those found to be valid.

ART. IV. The public lands hereby ceded shall be subject to the laws regulating the public lands in the other Territories of the United States, as far as they may be applicable; subject, however, to such alterations and changes as Congress may from time to time think proper to make. It is understood between the parties, that, in consequence of the mode in which lands have been surveyed in Texas, or from previous grants or locations, the sixteenth section cannot be applied for the purpose of education. Congress shall make equal provision by grant of land elsewhere. And it is also further understood, that, hereafter, the books, papers and documents of the General Land Office of Texas, shall be deposited and kept at such place in Texas as the Congress of the United States shall direct.

ART. V. The United States assume and agree to pay the public debt and liabilities of Texas, however created, for which the faith or credit of her Government may be bound at the time of the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty, which in the whole, ten millions of dollars, to be ascertained and paid in the manner hereinafter stated.

The payment of the sum of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars shall be made at the Treasury of the United States, within ninety days after the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty as follows:—Two hundred and fifty thousand

and before the delivery of that amount to the Treasury of the United States; one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be required, in the redemption of the Exchequer bills which may be in circulation at the time of the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty. For the payment of the remainder of the debts and liabilities of Texas, which, together with the amount already specified, shall not exceed ten millions of dollars, the public lands herein ceded, and the net revenue from the same, are hereby pledged.

ART. VI. In order to ascertain the full amount of the debts and liabilities herein assumed, and the legality and validity thereof, four commissioners shall be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate who shall meet at Washington, Texas, within the period of six months after the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty, and may continue in session not exceeding twelve months, unless the Congress of the U. States should prolong the time. They shall take an oath for the faithful discharge of their duties, and that they are not directly or indirectly interested in said claims at the time, and will not be during their continuance in office; and the said oath shall be recorded with their proceedings. In case of the death, sickness, or resignation of any of the commissioners, his or their place or places may be supplied by the appointment as aforesaid, or by the President of the United States during the recess of the Senate. They, or a majority of them, shall be authorized, under such regulations as the Congress of the United States may prescribe, to hear, examine, and decide on all questions touching the legality and validity of said claims, and shall, when a claim is allowed, issue a certificate to the claimant, stating the amount, distinguishing principal from interest. The certificates so issued shall be numbered, and entry made of the number, the name of the person to whom issued, and the amount, in a book to be kept for that purpose.

They shall transmit the records of their proceedings and the book in which the certificates are entered, with the vouchers and documents produced before them, relative to the claims allowed or rejected, to the Treasury Department of the United States, to be deposited therein; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall, as soon as practicable after the receipt of the same, ascertain the aggregate amount of the debts and liabilities allowed; and if the same, when added to the amount to be paid to Frederick Dawson and the sum which may be paid in the redemption of the exchequer bills, shall not exceed the estimated sum of ten millions of dollars, he shall, on the presentation of a certificate of the commissioners, issue, at the option of the holder, a new certificate for the amount, distinguishing principal from interest, and payable to him or order, out of the net proceeds of the public lands hereby ceded; or stock of the United States for the amount allowed, including principal and interest, and bearing an interest of three per cent. per annum from the date thereof; which stock, in addition to being made payable out of the net proceeds of the public lands hereby ceded, shall also be receivable in payment of the same.

In case the amount of the debts and liabilities allowed, with the sums aforesaid to be paid to Frederick Dawson, and which may be paid in the redemption of the exchequer bills, shall exceed the said sum of ten millions of dollars, the said Secretary, before issuing a new certificate, or stock, as the case may be, shall make in each case such proportionable and rateable reduction on its amount as to reduce the aggregate to the said amount of ten millions of dollars, and he shall have power to make all needful rules and regulations necessary to carry into effect the powers hereby vested in him.

ART. VII. Until further provisions shall be made, the laws of Texas, as now existing, shall remain in force, and all executive and judicial officers of Texas except the President, Vice President, and heads of departments, shall retain their offices with all power and authority appertaining thereto, and the courts of justice shall remain in all respects as now established and organized.

ART. VIII. Immediately after the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty, the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint a commissioner, who shall proceed to Texas and receive the transfer of the territory thereof, and all the archives and public property, and other things herein conveyed, in the name of the U. States. He shall exercise all executive authority in said territory necessary to the proper execution of the laws, until otherwise provided.

ART. IX. The present treaty shall be ratified by the contracting parties, and the ratifications exchanged at the city of Washington, in six months from the date hereof, or sooner if possible.

It witness whereof, we, the undersigned, plenipotentiaries of the United States of America and of the Republic of Texas, have signed, by virtue of our powers, the present treaty of annexation, and have hereunto affixed our seals respectively.

Done at Washington, the twelfth day of April, eighteen hundred and forty-four.

J. C. CALHOUN, [Seal.]
ISAAC VAN ZANDT, [Seal.]
J. PINCKNEY HENDERSON, [Seal.]

The documents transmitted to the Senate with the Treaty, are very voluminous, and would fill at least twelve columns of our sheet. They consist of the Message of President Tyler, and of some twenty letters from functionaries of this Government, of Texas and Great Britain. A large portion of this correspondence is more or less formal and uninteresting.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 27.

The Senate was not in session.

In the House, a motion was made by Mr Dromgoole that all debate on the tariff shall cease at 4 o'clock, on Monday, May 6th.

This motion was laid on the table, yeas 88, nays 83.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Tariff bill, and the remainder of the day was occupied in its discussion.

¶ The treaty to-day drives out of our columns several matters of interest.

¶ Mr Bernard's Olio, a pleasant affair and laughter provoking withal, at the City Hall this evening.

NOTICE.

THE annual meeting of the members of the Bangor Female Orphan Asylum will be held at the Vestry of the First Parish Church, on Tuesday the 7th day of May next, at half past 2 P. M. at which time the annual subscription of one dollar becomes due. Apunctual attendance of all the members is requested, as a proposed amendment of the article of the Constitution, in relation to Treasurer, is then to be acted upon.

april 30 E. S. HILL, Sec'y

DIED.

At Edgington, 1st ult, Mrs Mary T. Merrill, consort of Joseph H. Merrill, Esq.

BANGOR INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF BANGOR.

ARRIVED,
May 1—Brig Millinocket, Thompson, Oardenas.
Schr Cardella, Cooke, Bangor.
" Albert, Cousins, Salem.
" Suby, Lee, Newburyport.
Sloop Lapwing, Dodge.

CLEARED,
May 1—Schr Seven Sisters, Blanchard, N. Bedford.
" Royal Welcome, Gilkey, Boston.
" Majestic, Stowers, E. Greenwich.
" Charlotte, Butman, Guilford.

Port of Frankfort.

SAILED,
April 29th, schrs Harry T. Hinckley, Saunders, Havana; Perseverance, Edridge, Philadelphia.

Memoranda.

At Boston 27th, brig Baltic, Brookings, Ellsworth, Schrs Batavia, (of Belfast) Gilkey, Gardenas, 14th inst. Left, Eliza Leland, Pendleton, disq. Eliza, (of Boothbay) Sawyer, Matanzas, 13th inst. On 24th, lat 30, lon 78 40, passed schr New England, of Bangor, steering S. W., schrs Freeport, Home, Calais; Sagadahock, Simpson, Machias; George, Pendleton, Frankfort; Jane Fish, Gardner, Calais. 28th, Fame, Lord, Ellsworth. 29th, brig St. Patrick, Lunell, Bangor; schrs Geneva, Carver, do; Fredk Warren, Warren, do; Mexican, Colcord, do; Rialto, Dodge, do; Eliza & Helen, Barker, Calais; Fair Dealer, Ray, Swan; Compaer, M'Farland, Ellsworth; Packet, Stone, Hampden.

At New York 26th, schs Leonidas, Pinkham, Eastport.

Great Novelty, AND MARK—NO HUMBUG!!

GRAND ETHIOPIAN CONCERT,

BY THE

The Old Original Virginia Serenaders.

AT THE THEATRE,

For 3 Nights only—This Evening.

THIS celebrated Band of Ethiopian delineators consists of the following Natives of the South: JOHN DIAMOND, Tamborinist and Virginia Dancer—The Original.

COOL WHITE, Triangle—Renowned Melodist, J. B. CARTER, Banjoist and

MASTER EDWARDS, Bone Castanet.

¶ New Songs will be introduced composed by Messrs. White and Carter, among which will be found—LOVELY FAN, LUCY NEAL, PORTLAND GALS, NIGGAR IN LOVE, NIGAR PEEPIN—NIGAR LIKE ME, &c.

* Tickets 12 1/2c.—reserved seats for Ladies and Families. Doors open at 7, Concert commence at 8 o'clock.

may 2.

Card.

MR. BERNARD returns his grateful acknowledgements to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Bangor for the patronage and good feeling manifested towards him on Friday Evening last, at the City Hall, at his Recitations, &c., and is induced to give a Second Olio on THURSDAY Evening the 2nd inst. at the same place, commencing at 7 1/2 o'clock. Admission 12 1/2 cents to be taken at the door.

may 1.

W. S. PHIPPS & CO.

No. 75, Kilby Street—BOSTON.

HAVE received by recent arrivals an extensive assortment of British, French and German GOODS, viz:

Lace Goods. 4-4 to 8-4 black and white gimpure Laces; 4-4 to 8-4 black and white silk Net; Mecklin, Brussels, bright anti, wire ground and jacquard Laces; Black silk fillet Nets; Lisle Thread, gimpure tating, Ashburton and platt Laces and Edgings, black and white; Blonde Quillings; Fillet and tulle Shawls. White Goods. Book Muslin and Cambric Edgings and Insertings; Muslin collars, new style; Black Mourning, do. Book, Swiss and Jacquard Muslins; Curtain Muslins; Bishop Lains; Check'd, satin striped, and plain Cambrics; Swiss check'd and satin do; spot Cambrics; Lace strip'd Cambrics; corded Skirts; Long Lains; Linen Cambrics; Linen Cambric Hdks; Earleton Gingham; Striped Silks; Delhi Dresses. Shawls, Hdks, etc. Rich plain, lace striped and granite Camellion Hooks and Eyes; Paris silk Shawls; blk silk Otoman Lavender; Cologne, toman do; Ecossais, silk Soap, Scent Bags, etc. and worsted baize, &c.

may 2. oavysdw.

laine and printed Cashmere Shawls; black fillet and tulle lace do; Gimpure lace do; rich fancy silk Hdks; and Cravats; silk Bandannas; Corahs; black silk Cravats; Gentlemen's Scarfs; green Barge and Veils; Love Veils; black and colored Crapes; Veltres, etc. Gloves, Mitts, etc. Tulle Mitts with bugles, spangles and gold embroidered; Mohair Gloves; Mitts and half fingered; Tulle Lace, honeycomb and fillet half do; Rubber Mitts, super black and colored Kid Gloves; Lisle Thread and silk Gloves.

Hosiery. Black and color'd imperial and plain cotton Hose; Black Moravian do mix; Silk Hosiery; Vigonia half Hose. Gimps, Girdles, Fringes, etc. Paris, Moss, Florence, bugle and rich fancy Gimps; Astrachan, sheath, silk and bullion Fringes; Rich Girdles; crape Cords; Tassels; Fancy Buttons; fancy Buttons with pendants, acorns, etc. Bonnet, neck and cap Ribbons; Taffeta and velvet Ribbons; Gallons; Glass and pearl Buttons; satin Wire; wire Ribbon Reticules; curtain Fringe; Linen Tapes and Bobbins; twilled Tapes; and granite Camellion Hooks and Eyes; Paris silk Shawls; blk silk Otoman Lavender; Cologne, toman do; Ecossais, silk Soap, Scent Bags, etc. and worsted baize, &c.

may 2. oavysdw.

NEW MIRROR AND ROVER, FOR Saturday May 4th. Also No 5, Shakspeare second edition; The Darling—Spirit of the Age, etc. rec'd at BUGBEE'S.

may 2.

A SUPPLY of small size gummed Seals for Deeds, etc. at BUGBEE'S.

may 2.

John McLaughlin

HAVING taken Stall No. 2, Kenduskeag Market formerly kept by Isaac B. Holmes & Co. would beg leave to inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to furnish Fresh and Salted PROVISIONS, in all their varieties, of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

The best table Butter which the market affords; Cheese of the first quality; and Eggs constantly on hand.

Tavern-keepers, Victualers and Ship-masters will find it to their interests to give him a call. If good articles, fair prices and prompt attention to business (without soft sawder) will secure patronage he will endeavor to merit it.

may 2. tf JOHN McLAUGHLIN.

NOTICE.

THE Special co-partnership heretofore existing between the Subscribers under the firm of A & J G Alden, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.

april 15 JAMES G. ALDEN, AUGUSTUS ALDEN.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE subscribers have this day formed a general copartnership in trade under the firm of A. & J. G. Alden.

april 15 m2 3t AUGUSTUS ALDEN.

30 Barrels Russett Apples,

IN prime order for sale by W. ROYD, No 1, Hammatt's Row, Exchange street

april 30. 1w

TREBETTS & KIMBALL, Commission Merchants, 122 FRONT-ST. CORNER BURLING SLIP, NEW YORK.

ALBERT TREBETTS,
JOHN R. KIMBALL,

REFERENCES.
JOSIAH L. HALE, Esq. Pres't Atlantic M. I. Co. N. Y.
GEORGE WHITTAKER, Esq. New York.
Messrs. MEARS & CLARK,
JOHN V. BACON & SON, Boston.
EMERY, STETSON & Co., Bangor.
EDWARD C. HYDE, Esq. Bangor.
CHARLES THOMPSON, Esq. Topsham, Me.
L. HAUGHTON, Bath, Me.
G. C. TAPPAN, Bangor.

T. and K. tender their services to their friends as Agents for purchasing and forwarding all descriptions of Merchandise, particularly Corn and Flour. Also for collecting and procuring Freight Charters, effecting Insurance, &c.

¶ They will also attend to the sale of all kinds of Lumber and Merchandise generally.

may 1. dedlwizmd3tawoz2m, andwmdm

850 BUSHELS Good Oats, for sale by
april 27 MOORE & BUTMAN

400 Prs. Calf Gaiters, PART OF THEM ARE STOUT AND PART LIGHT.

TO find a ready sale it is only necessary to tion they were made in my establishment my best workmen.

may 1. dandw HENRY J. FLAGG

PLATFORM SCALES, JUST rec'd a new lot of Fairbank's Platform and Counter Scales approved patterns sale by may 1. W. A. BLAKE

JUST rec'd a supply of Green Window C Paper at BUGBEE'S

april 30.

PRESSED HAY, 200 TONS first quality country press'd Hay may 1. W. A. BLAKE

Molasses. 50 HHDS. prime retailing Guadalupe may 1. W. A. BLAKE

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I. Denuison, IS now opening a large and well selected lot of Dry Goods, of English, French, German and American manufacture. Purchasers are respectfully invited to call at No. 68, Street.

¶ To let the front Room over this Store, is a very eligible situation for a dress-maker.

may 1.

Mrs. Dennison, HAS received a handsome assortment of Millinery; likewise Straw Bonnets of very fashionable fabric. No 68, Main Street.

may 1.

TABLES.

A LARGE lot of all kinds, for sale low by A & E. DOLE & WILF

april 24. 2wdoawd&wtf

PIANO FORTES.

TUNED and repaired in the most thorough scientific manner by J. A. WOODBURN the firm of A. & E. DOLE & WILF

Refer to LORD & CONSTON, Boston. CHAS. SUMNER HILL, Bangor. SMITH & FENNO, Bangor. J. E. GOULD, Bangor.

april 24. 2wdoawd&wtf

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Lic Board of the City of Bangor will be in session at the Aldermen's Room, in the City Hall MONDAY the sixth day of May next, at nine in the forenoon, to receive and determine applications for License. Persons desirous of obtaining a license are notified to appear at the time and place, to present their requests. A ten petition should be presented stating the desired, the place where the business is to be carried on and the names of the persons offering sureties.

Per order, GEORGE W. SNOW, City Clerk pro

april 30. 1w

Cotton Duck.

THE subscribers having been appointed Agents for the sale of the Shawmut Cotton give notice that they now have on hand, and keep constantly supplied with the above, which they will sell at Boston prices, and ten They likewise have a constant supply of English and other Ducks.

april 30. 3md DALE & BRADFORD

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber has removed to No 4, Exchange Street, where he offers for sale a good assortment of Saddles, Harnesses, Trunks, &c.

april 30. d2w. J. NORWICH

Shaw, Goodwin & Co.

STALL No. 3, KENDUSKEAG MARKET.

WOULD inform the public that they now occupy the Stall formerly occupied by Crocker, which copartnership is by agreement dissolved, and that they have on hand a good supply of fresh and salt Prov viz: Beef, Pork, Veal, Hams, Lamb, Butter, and Mutton, and Lamb in the season of it, from Hotel-keepers and others in the city or try punctually attended to; Meats carried to part of the city free of expense to the purchaser. S. G. & Co. hope that their good attention to the best of articles will entitle and secure the share of the public patronage.

d2w2w ap

Caps.

CLOTH, Velvet, Velveteen and Glazed constantly on hand and made to order at WARREN & EATON

april 30. tf No 17, Main Street

May, 1844.

COLUMBIAN Mag for May—The Kiosk booker, received at BUGBEE'S

april 30.

Dahlias, Garden and Flower Seeds.

A N Invoice of Superb Double Dahlias, Garden and Flower Seeds and so forth, from Nurseries of Garrett R. Garretson, Flushing, Island, just rec'd and for sale by

april 30 GOSS & L'PHAM

D. T. JEWETT, COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

HAS removed to the office lately occupied by Wm. Abbot in the Greenough building.

april 30 d3w2t

APPLS by the BARREL, A & J G ALDEN, april 30. d3w2t E. End Kenduskeag Bridge

HATS,

Spring Style.

FINE Nutria and Mole Skin Hats of the latest Spring style and as good as any elsewhere, rec'd and for sale low by WARREN & EATON

april 30. tf No 17, Main Street

THE American public has for a long time been the victim of a false and dangerous system of medicine founded on the practice of LONG CONTINUED AND UNRELIEVED PURGATION. The evils of this old system are of the most widespread and alarming character. They have reached through every vein and artery of our nation. In every city, and village, and hamlet—in every State and Territory of our vast Republic—we find those who have suffered, or who are still suffering from the injurious effects of this old system of whose practical utility the disease, decay, and utter prostration of those who test it furnish the most condemning proofs.

DRASTIC PURGATION

The use of this admirable Purgative renders strikes a death blow to that abominable system which by continually evacuating the bowels cuts out any conservative or saving power, so dreadfully and fearfully prostrates and injures the unhappy patient. These Purifying and Preserving Pills are believed to constitute the perfection of medicine, being a UNIVERSAL VEGETABLE PURGATIVE, containing two great remedies combined. One remedy to PURIFY FROM CORRUPTION, and another to PRESERVE FROM RY AND DECAY.

And for the purpose of attaining the highest degree of purity in the preparation of these Pills Pradlee has, at a vast expenditure of time, money, invention, and patented at Washington, chemical and philosophical apparatus for distilling and refining vegetable extracts, called

BEWARE OF UNRELIEVED PURGATION! Purgate and Preserve, or do notattain Purgate at all.

The celebrated **PURIFYING AND SERVING PILLS** purify the body from corruption, and preserve it from injury and decay by a operation. They are a **Universal Vegetable** system, of sovereign use in all diseases of the system in a such purgation is required, (particlarly in Jaundice, Indigestion, **Dyspepsia**, Eruptions, Skin, Scrofula, Bites, Constiveness, Bilious Dis- **LIAR COMPLAINTS**, Fevers, **Nervous Disorders**, Weakness, Cholic, **Dysentery**, Worms, Gout, **matism**, Female Complaints, Depression of ability of Secretory Vits. &c. &c.

BLANKS.
BLANK BILLS for Hay Weigh
at the Courier Office. dec

THE undersigned would give notice to his friends, and the public generally, that he has just received, and is now selling, a **LARGE ESTABLISHMENT**, and has a splendid Stock of **BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and VESTINGS**, of every shade and quality.

ALSO—TRIMMINGS FOR GARAENTS, of every kind, and all articles in the furnishing line, of which he has just received, new and good, from the Importers in Boston, and offers them for sale at **twenty-five per cent less than they have formerly been sold in this city.** Call and examine for yourself.

The Tailoring Business

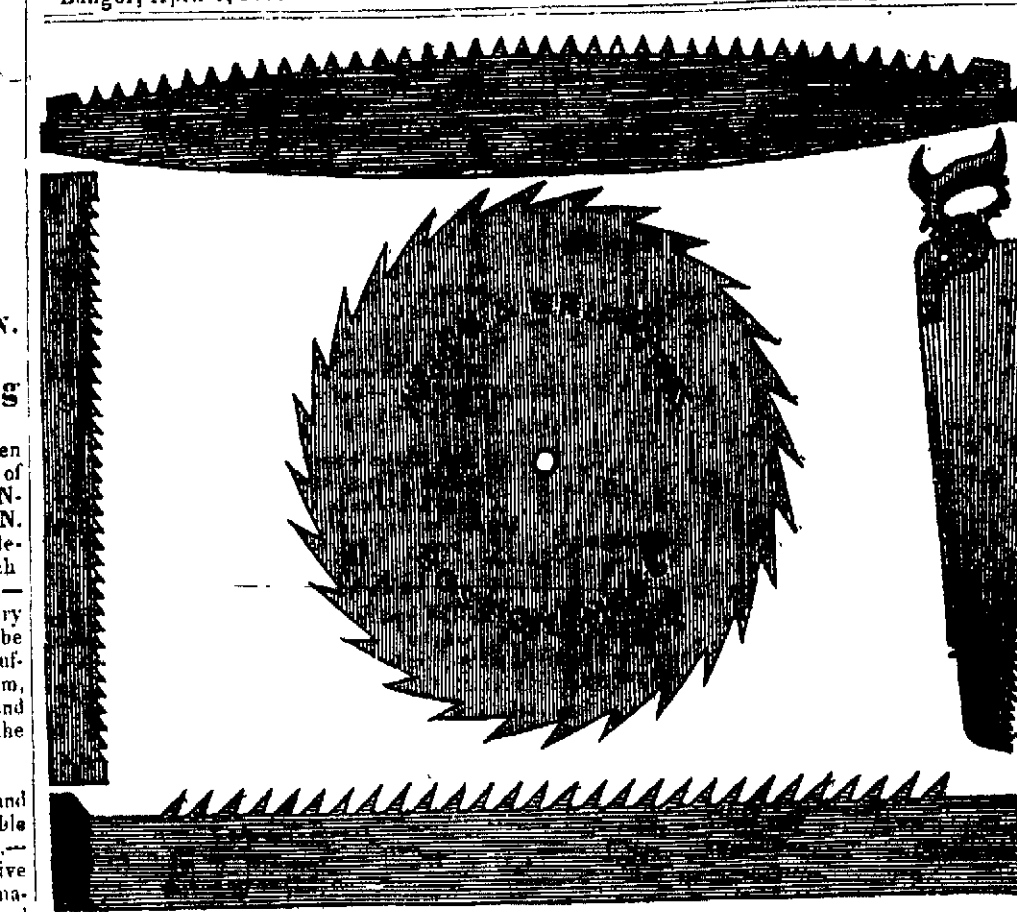
Shall be warranted to be done as well and cheaper, at this Establishment, than at any other in this city, State or elsewhere.

Fashionable Garments,

Of every description, cut and made at short notice. Cutting Garments to be made elsewhere particularly attended to.

OLIVER DRESSER, Proprietor.

Bangor, April 4, 1844.



Just received two Cases W. ROWLAND'S Improved Teeth Mtl SAWS—different gauges.
ALL SAWS sold are warranted.
 Bangor March 9, 1844

RHEUMATISM CURED.

DR HUEB'S Nerve and Bone Liment and Indian Vegetable Elixir, is the only certain and effectual remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Contracted Cord, &c. In the most severe cases the above application was never known to fail. We might multiply a volume of testimonials to these facts, but prefer to have persons call where there always may be had, and where they can see such proofs of its efficacy, that would convince the most incredulous.

For sale by G. W. LADD, A. P. GUILD, and A. YOUNG, JR. & CO., formerly Holbert's, nov-11 Swed and water

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR.

HAIRY Excessiveness on the upper lip of ladies, or hair low on the forehead or back of the neck, can, with the utmost safety and certainty, be removed by the Chinese Hair Eradicator, and that too, without the least irritation to the most tender skin. There are, however, some scores of imitations on this only first and original article. It can be seen and tried before purchasing, and the proprietor will forfeit \$20 to any one if it will not do it, provided it comes from 21 Courtland street, which is the only place to obtain it genuine.

For sale by G. W. LADD, A. B. GUILD, and A. YOUNG, Jr. & Co. formerly, Holden's.

31 and 33

CLEANLINESS OF THE HEAD AND HAIR.

STRANGE is that persons who attend strictly to personal cleanliness, bath, &c., should neglect the **Head**—the **Hair**—the **most essential**, the **most expensively**—and the **most beautiful**, when properly cared for, of all the gifts of the Creator—indeed, truly may be kept of dandruff or scurf, without a certainty that the hair cannot fall out, by the use of the **BALM OF COLUMBIA**. Ladies will make your toilet without this article? I answer, fearlessly no, if you have once tried and experienced its purifying effects—sweet perfume.

For sale by G. W. LADD, and A. P. GUILD.

nov. 11.

WINDOW GLASS.
500 BOXES, all size. Window GLASS, expected in every day, which will be sold very low for cash, by G W LADD
(Call and see. april 1

**FAIRBANK'S PORTABLE PLAT
FORM SCALES.**
A CONSIGNMENT of the above just rec'd & for sale by the Agent Persons in want of this article, will do well by examining these Scales before purchasing elsewhere as there has been improvement of late.

Small Counter Scales constantly kept on hand
and for sale by the authorized Agent,
W. A. BLAKE,
No 2 Broad St

the public generally,
a splendid stock of BROADCLOTHS, CASS
very kind, and all articles in the furnishing line.
Importers in Boston, and offers them for sale
old in this city. Call and examine for yourself.
Business
this Establishment, than at any other in this ci
where.
Garments,
Cutting Garments to be made elsewhere
attended to.
& DRESSER, Proprietor.

**Improved Teeth Mill SAWS—different gauges.
Warranted.**

of every kind and price; Mahogany, French,
Eye, Windlass, Screw Joint, and Common
BEDSTEADS;
Looking Glasses and Look
Glass Plates,
of all sizes. A superior article of Live Geese
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FEATHERS.
put up in the best manner and warranted to
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Palm-leaf

MATRESSES;
Pew and Chair Cushions; Willow Carriage
Seats; Bedsteads; Bedsteads; Floor and

TO THE OLD AND YOUNG
HO! WE RED HEADS AND GR
DIFFERENTLY IN CHEMISTRY
EAST INDIA HAIR DYE.
Colors the Hair, and will not
THIS Dye is in form of a powder, which is
matter of fact may be applied to the hair
night, the first night turning the lightest R
GRAY HAIR to a dark brown, and by re

a second or third night to a bright jet black person may, therefore, with the least possible, keep his hair any dark shade or perfect with a positive assurance that the powder applied to the skin, will not color it. By an occasional application, a person turning grey will not know to have a grey hair. Directions coincide with the article. There is no coloring in this ment, as one can easily test.

These facts are warranted by the gentleman manufacturer, who is the celebrated C. DR COMSTOCK, author of Comstock's & Tr. Philosophy, and other works, and whose, well known and widely celebrated public

For sale by G W LADD, A. P. GERR.
A. YOUNG, JR. & Co. formerly Holden's
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TO FARMERS.
THE subscriber, Agent
the Waterville Iron Manu-
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hand, Ploughs of all sizes
of the best WESTERN
and latest improved models. It has been
experimentally tried for ease of draft, ex-
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Also Side Hill Ploughs of the same make
which have never failed of giving perfect
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be removed by this preparation.
The proprietors submit to the public the following certificates, from a highly respectable source, of a cure made by using their preparation of Sarsaparilla, which cannot but have the effect of placing beyond all doubt the curative powers of the medicine:
NEW YORK, August 3, 1842.
"Messrs. Sands—Gentlemen: Under a feeling sense of gratitude inherent to us all when suddenly relieved from suffering and disease, I now, as of justice due to you, and with a view of relieving the afflicted, make known to the world the innumerable benefit I have received from the use of your Sarsaparilla. In the year 1832 I sailed from Europe, and on my arrival in New York, I was afflicted with

In a vessel bound for Quebec, Nova Scotia, while on passage first discovered the disease which I have proved to be a sure affliction; and truly Fear from the crown of my head to the sole of my foot there was no soundness in me." From the time I mentioned down until the present, a period of more than ten years, I have suffered all that humanity was capable of bearing. I have been under the care of the most distinguished physicians in this country and in England, visited Bath, Cheltenham, Bristol and Gloucester, tried various cures, among others a large quantity of Swediaur's Panacea, used sulphur baths, &c. As a last resort I was induced to wrap myself in water ointment, keep myself secluded, shunned by all, myself shunning. I was induced to believe my case hopeless one.

In August last, by the advice of friends, I went to the New York City Hospital, but was there that my case was incurable. The disease now developed my whole body, rendering me almost helpless, the skin thickened and cracked, and blood matter ran, and life itself became almost a bare matter of pain.


A few weeks since I was induced to use your saparilla by hearing it so highly recommended, spent nearly \$3,000 without obtaining but little relief. After using it a short time, I found better, and now, by using six or eight bottles, I feel less than ten dollars, I am well. Yes, I testify and declare to the world, that after spending \$3,000 in traveling and doctoring, and suffering more than can be told, I was perfectly cured by using your invaluable preparation of Sarsaparilla; and I now recommend it to all similarly afflicted. Those wishing to know further particulars will find me at my residence, No. 27 Warren street, New York, where I shall be happy to communicate anything in relation to the above cure.

SAUL BURDOCK

REDUCTION FOURFOLD IN PRICES—OR NOTHING.
An article that every family must consider indispensable when they know its power.

JOHN STEVENS.
JEWELER, AND MANUFACTURER,
SILVER WARE.

WOULD give notice that he has removed from his old place to the new building on Main Street, and continued business at 10 Main Street, the patronage of his friends and the public is respectfully solicited. He hopes



tion to give entire satisfaction to purchasers will spare no pains to meet the wants of those may favor him with their custom.

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A great variety of new and desirable among which are Gold and Silver Levers; and common Escapement WATCHES; Ruby; Guard Chains; Gold Heads; Gold and Everpoint Pencils; Silver Spoons; Plated Baskets, Britannia Ware; Castors; Silver; and common Spectacles; Shell card Case

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and Pocket knives, Ivory, Shell and Horn
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a great variety of other articles, all of
have been carefully selected in regard to
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Aug. 26—d&wtf
FOREIGN BEECHES just received by
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expectoration, and cure is soon effected.

It always cures **ASTHMA**. Two or three large doses will cure the **CROUP**, or **HIVES** of children, in from five minutes to an hour's time. It immediately subdues the violence of **WHOOPING COUGH**, and effects a speed cure. **Head-aches** who have been given up by their physicians as incurable with **CONSUMPTION**, have been restored to perfect health by it.

If this Expectant be given in the commencement of **PLEURISY**, **INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS**, or in acute **RHEUMATISM**, in doses sufficiently large, as to cause a little nausea for some time, going to bed and covering up warm, it will produce perspiration, and subdue these affections at once.

PRICE \$1.00.

Tonic Vermifuge.

WORMS IN CHILDREN. Of all diseases to which children are exposed, none are so fatal to them as **WORMS**. Unfortunately, children are said to be

them, and as they imitate the symptoms of almost every other complaint: they often produce alarming effects without being suspected. They are not only a cause of disease themselves, but by their irritation aggravate other diseases, wandering from one part of the body another, winding themselves up into large balls, and obstructing the bowels, and frequently the throat, causing convulsions, and too often death. The desired remedy will be found in Dr. JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE, which will very soon destroy the worms, and invigorate the powers of digestion so as to prevent a return of them. PRICE 50 cents.

JAYNE'S GARMINATIVE BALSAM
This is one of the most efficient, pleasant and safe compositions ever offered to the public, for curing the various derangements of the *Stomach and Intestines*, and the only article worthy of the least confidence in curing *CHOLERA INFANTUM* or *SUMMER COMPLAINT*; and in the above and following diseases, really acts like a charm, viz:

Dysentery, Diarrhoea or Loose Stools, Cholera Morbi, Summer Complaint, Cholera, Cramping Pain, Sour Stomach, Sick and Nervous Headache, Heartburn, Water-Breath, or Sickness of the Stomach, Vomiting, Spitting of blood after eating, and also where it passes through the body unchanged; Want of Appetite, Restlessness and Inability to Sleep, Wind in the Stomach and Bowels, Hysterical Cramp, Spasms, Trismus, and Paralysis, the Sick Head, Faintings, Melancholy and Lowness of Spirits, Fretting and Crying of Infants, and for Bile, Affections and Nervous Diseases.

PRICE 50 cents.

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NO EXCUSE FOR A BALD HEAD. Since the pertinent discovery of **DR. JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC**, many who may choose to preserve their hair from falling out, or already bald, and, with certainty, have it restored again by a faithful and persevering application of this valuable **HAIR TONIC**.

Please to read without prejudice the following communication, which, in addition to hundreds of other equally respectable, should remove the doubts of every

that it would ever be successful on my head, then felt entire confidence in your statements of what it done for others; and I was as much surprised as I looked when I saw the effect. You recollect the

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permeating use of this valuable
They are expressly prepared to be used as an Agent, when purging is necessary, while using the Potent, and for the removal of obstructions in the L which are often attendant on some of the diseases of the Breasts.

Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne, Philadelphia.
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THE SICK HEADACHE.
THIS DISEASE is one from which suffer-
miserly to the human family than is generally
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 While its effects are most powerful and immediate
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